#### Blue-green algal blooms on Lake Simcoe

Town of Georgina Council

August 14, 2024

Brian Ginn PhD Limnologist Certified Lake Manager (North American Lake Management Society)





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Member of Conservation Ontario

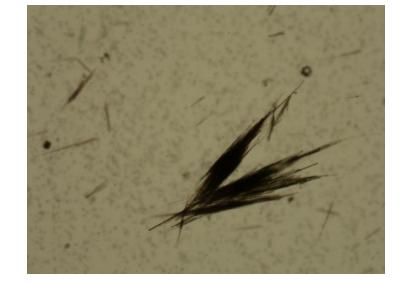
# Blue-green algae (Cyanobacteria)

- First photosynthetic organisms: 3.5 billion years!
- Can survive tough environmental conditions make their own nutrients
- Part of natural phytoplankton / algae cycle: increase in late summer / early fall
- Can form blooms: rapid population increase w/ surface scums
- Blooms are becoming more common in Ontario, often in low nutrient lakes
- Probable causes:
  Ø Wet spring (nutrient inputs?)
  Ø Hot summer
  Ø Strong wind to mix water column
- But there are also "cold blooms" and now blooms in low nutrient lakes



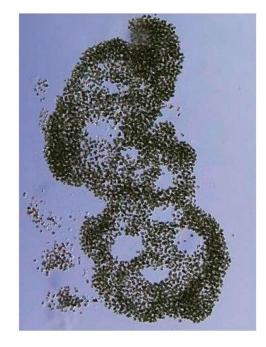
#### Cyanobacteria: "Annie, Fannie, & Mike"





Anabaena (Dolichospermum) "string of pearls"

Aphanizomenon "sheaves of wheat"



*Microcystis* mass of cells (often central holes)

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# Blue-green blooms are tricky!

- Not always "blue-green" brightest colour when bloom is ending
- Water often just looks turbid / cloudy and greenish-brown
- Best seen in morning / evening, vanish at noon
  - Control buoyancy (up to 11 metres)
- Not all blue-greens form blooms, not all blooms have toxins
- Toxins: liver, nerves, skin irritation
  - Children and pets especially vulnerable
  - Also present in aerosols



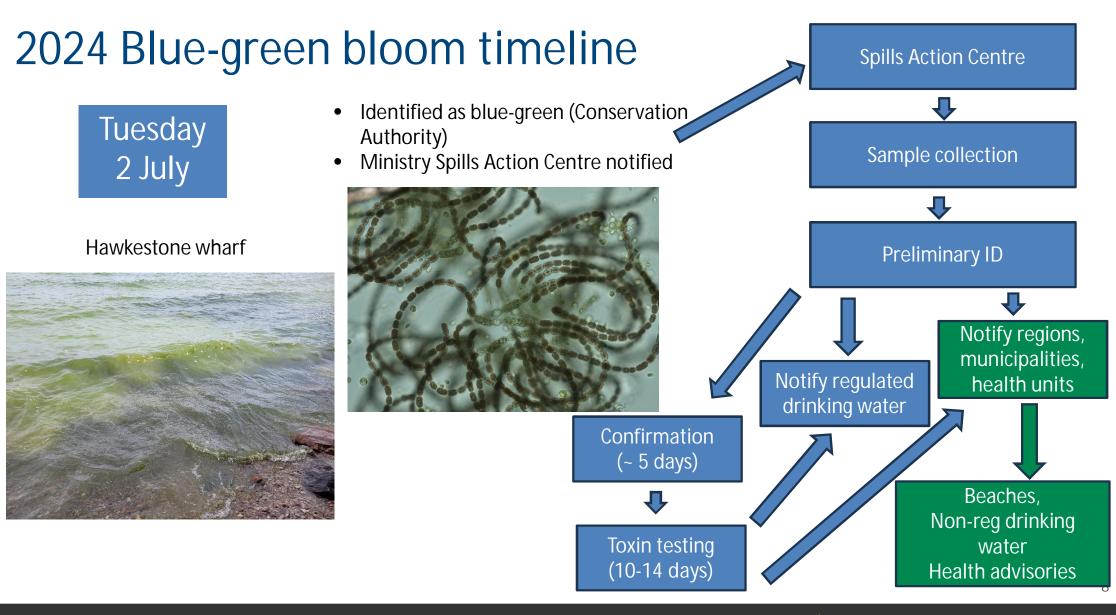
Photos: Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources

#### Blue-greens and Lake Simcoe

- Some reports of "blooms" from 1970s
- Since 2008: Localized small surface scums at some shorelines
  - Blooms at inland lakes: Musselman (2007, 2013, 2023) and Wagner (2019); also Lake Wilcox
  - Bloom at Lagoon City (2013) probably linked to aquatic herbicide application
- Conservation Authority Harmful Algal Bloom monitoring and surveillance (2016): Monitor for precursor conditions, alert Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (Ministry)/ partners
- Blooms are a threat to recreation, reputation, and drinking water supply

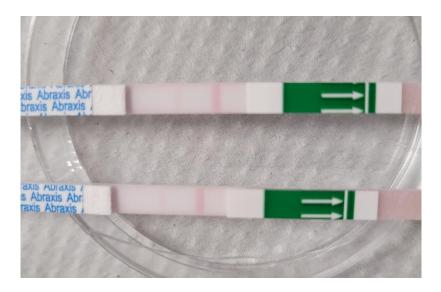


Lake Simcoe Region Conservation Authority



Lake Simcoe Region Conservation Authority

#### Wednesday 3 July



Conservation Authority Rapid Toxin test:

- Microcystins negative
- Anatoxin present



- Re-visit Hawkestone, coastal surveillance
- Interviewed locals
- Bloom stretched from Oro 5th Line to Hawkestone
- Conservation Authority notifies local partners

Friday 5 July



- Surface scums offshore in main basin
- Additional lab identification



Algal layer observed to 4 metre depth



- De la Salle Park / Roches Point
- Updated Ministry Spills Action Centre
- Updated partners

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- Belle Ewart / Innisfil beaches
- Samples collected for the Ministry



- Sampling, monitoring
- Outreach to lake users and partners

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Sunday 7 July











Beach postings

Roches Point

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Lake Simcoe Region Conservation Authority

July 9<sup>th</sup> to 13th



Week of July 22nd

#### Tuesday July 23

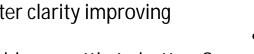
- Ongoing lake-wide surveillance, monitoring, and outreach
- Monday / Friday on lake
- Algae community changing
- Water clarity improving
- Did bloom settle to bottom?

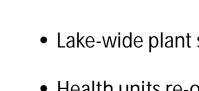
- Ongoing lake-wide surveillance
- Lake-wide plant survey
- Health units re-open beaches

- Bloom reported at Holmes Point
- Conservation Authority on scene 1 hour later
- Samples collected
- Shoreline: non-toxic algae
- Offshore out to Thorah Is: Anabaena and Microcystis

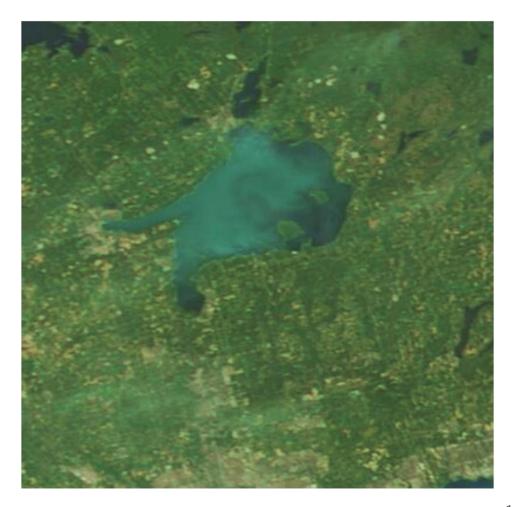








- On-going (often daily) updates to the Ministry and York Region
- Lake-wide monitoring for bloom conditions
- Current:
  - Water transparency is near normal
  - Seasonal algae dominant
  - Relatively high blue-green pigments near bottom
- But:
  - Lake whiting event underway (false reports)
  - Warmest / least windy months are ahead of us





#### 2024 Water soldier

- Reported to the Ministry of Natural Resources along southern Cook's Bay
- Conservation Authority finds large population at golf course





